

# MSHSAA



All concussions are serious.  
If you think you have a

# CONCUSSION:

- \* Don't hide it.
- \* Report it.
- \* Take time to recover.



**It's better to miss one game  
than the whole season.**

For more information and to order additional materials  
*free-of-charge*, visit: [www.cdc.gov/Concussion](http://www.cdc.gov/Concussion).

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION






## DANGER SIGNS

Be alert for symptoms that worsen over time. Your child or teen should be seen in an emergency department right away if s/he has:

- One pupil (the black part in the middle of the eye) larger than the other
- Drowsiness or cannot be awakened
- A headache that gets worse and does not go away
- Weakness, numbness, or decreased coordination
- Repeated vomiting or nausea
- Slurred speech
- Convulsions or seizures
- Difficulty recognizing people or places
- Increasing confusion, restlessness, or agitation
- Unusual behavior
- Loss of consciousness (even a brief loss of consciousness should be taken seriously)



Children and teens with a concussion should **NEVER** return to sports or recreation activities on the same day the injury occurred. They should delay returning to their activities until a health care professional experienced in evaluating for concussion says they are symptom-free and it's OK to return to play. This means, until permitted, not returning to:

- Physical Education (PE) class,
- Sports practices or games, or
- Physical activity at recess.

## What should I do if my child or teen has a concussion?

1. **Seek medical attention right away.** A health care professional experienced in evaluating for concussion can determine how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your child or teen to return to normal activities, including physical activity and school (concentration and learning activities).
2. **Help them take time to get better.** If your child or teen has a concussion, her or his brain needs time to heal. Your child or teen may need to limit activities while s/he is recovering from a concussion. Exercising or activities that involve a lot of concentration, such as studying, working on the computer, or playing video games may cause concussion symptoms (such as headache or tiredness) to reappear or get worse. After a concussion, physical and cognitive activities—such as concentration and learning—should be carefully managed and monitored by a health care professional.
3. **Together with your child or teen, learn more about concussions.** Talk about the potential long-term effects of concussion and the dangers of returning too soon to normal activities (especially physical activity and learning/concentration). For more information about concussion and free resources, visit: [www.cdc.gov/Concussion](http://www.cdc.gov/Concussion).

## How can I help my child return to school safely after a concussion?

Help your child or teen get needed support when returning to school after a concussion. Talk with your child's teachers, school nurse, coach, speech-language pathologist, or counselor about your child's concussion and symptoms. Your child may feel frustrated, sad, and even angry because s/he cannot return to recreation and sports right away, or cannot keep up with schoolwork. Your child may also feel isolated from peers and social networks. Talk often with your child about these issues and offer your support and encouragement. As your child's symptoms decrease, the extra help or support can be removed gradually. Children and teens who return to school after a concussion may need to:

- Take rest breaks as needed,
- Spend fewer hours at school,
- Be given more time to take tests or complete assignments,
- Receive help with schoolwork, and/or
- Reduce time spent reading, writing, or on the computer.



\*To learn more about concussion and to order materials **FREE OF CHARGE**, go to: [www.cdc.gov/Concussion](http://www.cdc.gov/Concussion) or call 1.800.CDC.INFO.

## MSHSAA Concussion Return to Play Form

This form is adapted from the Acute Concussion Evaluation (ACE) care plan on the CDC website ([www.cdc.gov/injury](http://www.cdc.gov/injury)). All medical providers are encouraged to review this site if they have questions regarding the latest information on the evaluation and care of the scholastic athlete following a concussion injury. **Please initial any recommendations that you select below.**

Athlete's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Injury: \_\_\_\_\_

### THIS RETURN TO PLAY IS BASED ON TODAY'S EVALUATION

Date of Evaluation: \_\_\_\_\_ Care Plan Completed By: \_\_\_\_\_

Return to This Office (Date/Time): \_\_\_\_\_

Return to School On (Date): \_\_\_\_\_

#### RETURN TO SPORTS

PLEASE NOTE:

1. Athletes should not return to practice or play for at least 24 hours after their head injury has occurred.
2. Athletes should never return to play or practice if they still have ANY symptoms.
3. Athletes; Be sure that your coach and/or athletic trainer are aware of your injury and symptoms, and that they have the contact information for the treating physician.

#### The following are the return to sports recommendations at the present time:

Physical Education:  Do NOT return to PE class at this time.

May return to PE class at this time.

Sports:  Do NOT return to sports practice or competition at this time.

May gradually return to sports practices under the supervision of the healthcare provider for your school or team.

May be advanced back to competition after phone conversation with attending physician (MD/DO/PAC/ATC/ARNP/Neurophysiologist)

Must return to physician (MD/DO/PAC/ATC/ARNP/Neurophysiologist) for final clearance to return to competition.

- OR -

Cleared for full participation in all activities and restrictions. Return of symptoms should result in re-evaluation by physician (MD/DO/PAC/ATC/ARNP/Neurophysiologist) for assessment.

#### Medical Office Information (Please Print/Stamp):

Evaluator's Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Office Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Evaluator's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Evaluator's Address: \_\_\_\_\_